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REVIEW OF THE CLASSIFICATION OF THE CYRENACEA.

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In working over the Cyrenacea for the Memoir on the Tertiary Fossils of Florida, in course of publication by the Wagner Institute of Science, it was found that both the nomenclature and the classification were in a state of deplorable confusion. While the details are reserved for that memoir, it was thought that a synopsis of the arrangement adopted might be of use to the students of the group, and it is herewith presented.

Family Cyrenidæ.

Genus Miodontopsis Dall (nov.). Type Cyrena media Sowerby. Jurassic. This is Miodon Sandberger, 1870, not Carpenter, 1865.

Genus Loxoptychodon Sandberger, 1872. Type Cyrena intermedia Deshayes. Lower Eocene, France.

Genus Plesiastarte Fisher, 1887. Type P. crenulata Deshayes (as Cyrena). Lower Eocene, France.

This is Anomala Cossmann, 1886, not Hübner, 1816.

Genus Ditypodon Sandberger, 1872. Type Cyrena suessii C. Mayer. Lower Pliocene of Italy.

'Genus Donacopsis Sandberger, 1872. Type Cyrena acutangularis De S-PROC. BIOL. SOC. WASH. VOL. XVI, 1903. (5)

shayes. Eccene of France. I suspect this to be merely a subdivision of Cyrena.

Genus Cyrena Lamarck, 1818. Type Cyrena bengalensis Lamarck. Recent. India.

Section Polymesoda Rafinesque, 1820. Type Cyclas caroliniana Bosc. Recent. South Carolina. Cyprinella and Diodus Gabb, and Leptosiphon Fischer are synonymous.

Section *Pseudocyrena* Bourguignat, 1854. Type *Cyrena maritima* D'Orbigny. Cuba. *Anomala* Deshayes, not Hübner, *Egeta* H. and A. Adams, and *Cyrenocapsa* Fisher are synonymous.

Section Geloina Gray, 1844. Type Cyrena coaxans Gmelin (C. zeylanica Lamarck). Recent. Ceylon.

Section Egetaria Mörch, 1861. Type E. pullastra Mörch. West coast Central America.

Section Isodoma Deshayes, 1858. Type I. cyprinoides Deshayes. Eocene of France.

Subgenus Leptesthes Meek, 1872. Type Corbicula fracta Meek. Eocene of Nebraska

Genus Corbicula Megerle, 1811. Type Tellina fluminalis Müller. India.

Section Veloritina Meek, 1871. Type Corbicula durkeei Meek. Cretaceous of Wyoming.

Section Corbiculina Dall (nov.). Type Corbicula angasi Prime. Australia. Smaller and more delicate than Corbicula s. s. and viviparous.

Section *Tellinocyclas* Dall (nov.). Type *Cyrena tellinella* Deshayes Parisian Eocene. Small, heavy, elongate and acute, with short distant lateral teeth.

Section Cyrenodonax Dall (nov.). Type C. formosana Dall. Recent. Formosa. Like Donacopsis but inflated, without radial sulcation and having an entire pallial line.

Subgenus Cyanocyclas Ferussac, 1818 (restricted). Type Corbicula limosa Maton. South America.

Genus Villorita Gray, 1833. Type V. cyprinoides Wood. Indo China and Japan. The name was spelled Velorita by Gray in 1842.

Genus Batissa Gray, 1853. Type B. tenebrosa Hinds. Australia.

Genus Egeria Roissy, 1805. Type Venus paradoxa Born. Rivers of West Africa. Galatea Bruguiere, Trigona Schumacher not Jurine, Potamophila Sowerby, Galateola Fleming, and Megadesma Bowdich are synonymous.

Section Egeria s. s. Type E. paradoxa Born.

Section Profischeria Dall (nov.). Type Fischeria Delesserti Bernardi. West Africa. This is Fischeria Bernardi, 1860, not Robineau Desvoidy, 1830.

Dall-Revision of Cyrenacea.

Family Sphærlidæ.

Genus Sphærium Scopoli, 1777. Type Tellina cornea Linné. North Europe. Cyclas Lamarck not Link, Cornea Megerle, Amesoda Rafinesque, Cycladites Kröger, Pisum Bourguignat not Megerle, and Corneola Clessin, not Held, are synonymous.

Subgenus Sphærium s. s. Type S. corneum Linné.

Section Cyrenastrum Bourguignat, 1854. Type S. solidum Normand. France.

Section Sphariastrum Bourguignat, 1854. Type S. rivicola Leach. England.

Subgenus Musculium Link, 1807. Type Tellina lacustris Müller. Denmark. Calyculina Clessin is synonymous.

Subgenus Eupera Bourguignat, 1854. Type Pisidium moquinianum Bourg. Brazil. Limosina Clessin is synonymous.

Genus Corneocyclas Ferussac, 1818, (restricted). Type Tellina pusilla Gmelin. Germany.

Subgenus Corneocyclas.

Section Corneocylas s. s. Type C. pusilla Gmelin.

Section Phymesoda Rafinesque, 1820. Type Tellina virginica Gmelin. Virginia.

Section Pisidium C. Pfeiffer, 1821. Type Tellina amnica Müller. Denmark.

Section Cyclocalyx Dall (nov.). Type Pisidium scholtzii Clessin. Germany. The umbones high and constricted below the nepionic shell, otherwise like Corneocyclass. s.

Subgenus Cymatocyclas Dall (nov.). Type Pisidium compressum Prime. Cambridge, Mass. Nepionic valves flat, transversely undulated, sharply marked off from the rest of the disk, otherwise as in Corneocyclas.

Subgenus Tropidocyclas Dall (nov.). Type Pisidium henslowianum Sheppard. England. Nepionic valves with an oblique, elevated, radial keel and distinctly delimited from the rest of the disk. Fossarina Clessin, 1873, not Adams, 1863, is synonymous.

Notes.

Pera Leach and Euglesa Leach, 1852, are synonymous with Corneocyclas s. s. Galileja Costa; Euglesia Leach, 1840; Pisum Gray, 1847, not Megerle, 1811; Cordula Leach; Fluminina Clessin; Cycladina Clessin; and Rivulina Clessin; are not separable from Pisidium s. s., if judged by their types; most of them are based on perfectly worthless characters. The specific determinations of Westerlund in the 'Fauna der Palæarctischen Region' have been accepted in determining the synonymy of the types.

It may be of interest to state here that the group *Cyclas*, a name applied by Bruguiere, in 1798, to a heterogeneous assembly, and afterward used by Lamarck for species of the prior genus *Sphærium*, was first properly divided by Link in 1807, who segregated *Musculium* and took the largest and first species of Bruguiere as a type for the genus *Cyclas*. This was the *Venus islandica* of Linné, to which, subsequently, the names of *Cyprina* Lamarck, 1812; *Arctica* Schumacher, 1817, not Moehring, 1758; and *Cypriniadea* Rovereto, 1900, were applied. These become synonyms of *Cyclas* (Bruguiere) Link, whose only species and type is *Venus islandica* L.